BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 30, 1875. VOLUME XLII.--NUMBER 26.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

C. A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

TERMS—$6 00 per year; $3 00 for six months; $2 00 for three months. Invariably in advance.

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At The Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, At Two Dollars per Year, invariably in advance.

AGENCIES

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving advertisements and subscriptions for this Paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, No. 3, Tremont Street, Boston.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

HORACE DEDE, Agent, Boston.

DAVIS & LEE, Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

Subscriptions and all bills will be paid in advance.

The date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which each subscription is paid. All papes discontinued when notice to that effect is given.

Business Cards.

A NEW SENSATION!

The Champoo Bath,

one of the greatest luxuries of the age. Price 50 cts. At the Bathing Rooms,

31 Central Street,

Also, Hot and Cold Water and Vapor Baths always ready.

WM. M. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

HOULTON, MAINE

Frank M. Rowe,

Successor to

BLOOD & ROWE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.

AGENTS FOR

MEDOMAK VARNISHES, PUTTY, &c.

AGENTS FOR

HALL, BRADLEY & CO.'S

Celebrated

PURE WHITE LEAD,

131 *EXCHANGE STREET.*

FILES------FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

to order Files, and get ready for business. I have contracted

1000 Dozen Files

which I offer at 75 cents per dozen, which is

The Lowest Prices,

and will defy competition as to cost, imported or Cut and put up them.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

H. W. & H. S. HOBBS.

Practical Slaters and Contractors.

Making State Roofing and repairing done at short notice. Office 50 Broad St., Bangor, Me.

MARINE INSURANCE.

BOSTON MARINE INSURANCE CO.,

STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Cash Capital, $300,000.

No Fire Risks Written.

E. B. FOLLETT, President.

HENRY WASHBURN, Secretary.

TAGS DENNISON'S Patent Tags

FOR SALE at this OFFICE.

Will put on them at very low figure.

Bangor, July 24, 1875.

ENGINES & BOILERS.

Stationary and Portable.

New and second-hand, from 2 to 200 horse power, also Shingling Machine, Belting, Machinists' Tools, Steam Pumps, Packing, Lubricator, &c., &c., &c.

WINCHESTER & HIGHT'S

Machinery Depot,

77 and 79 Dorchester Avenue, BOSTON.

1y40

P. BARNES,

Baggage and City Express,

Calls from all Depots, Baggage, Parcels, &c., from or to any part of the city. Having had an experience of over eleven years, I am prepared, with the assistance of competent help, to pack and move Pianos and Furniture of every description, in the most careful manner.

Hard and soft Wood, in stick and prepared for the stove, for sale.

Order box at Arnold & Harvey's, West Market Square. P. BARNES.

Jan 23 tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The firm of SWEET & EMERY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having the demands against said firm will settle with CALDWELL SWEET, and all indebted will please call and settle all the affairs of the late firm with CALDWELL SWEET, Dec. 17 ISAIAH EMERY.

I shall continue business at the store now occupied by W. D. Lewis, MASON'S CORNER, about the middle of January. Thankful for past favors, I hope for a continuance of the same at my new stand. CALDWELL SWEET.

dec28tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The firm of SAWTELLE & DRESSER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having the demands against said firm will settle with C. O. SAWTELLE, and all indebted will make immediate payment to the same.

C. O. SAWTELLE.
N. W. DRESSER.

Bangor, Jan. 11th, 1875.

Notice of Copartnership.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of *Berry & Co.*, for the transaction of a General Commission business and Receivers of Flour. Office No. 19 Broad St.

N. J. BERRY,
JOHN CASSIDY.

Bangor, Jan. 1, 1875.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Toys for Ladies, Misses and Children.

At Low Prices! My Goods are neuse and well made. Also, Women's and Misses Snow Boots. Call and examine.

THOMAS HERSEY.

dec12

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,
To S. C. JERRARD, Dr.

For services as County Commissioner for the year 1874, as follows

Jan	7	1 day at Bangor & 24 miles travel,	86	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Feb	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Mar	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16, 17, 18, 19, 20	5 days at Auburn and 220 miles travel,	36	40	
	9	1 day at Hudson and Newport, and 27 miles travel,	0	91	
Apr	2, 3, 4	3 days at No. 1 and 98 miles travel,	20	58	
	7	1 day at Bangor and 24 miles travel,	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
May	1, 2, 3, 4	4 days on patterns for workshops	15	00	
	5	1 day at Bangor and 24 miles travel,	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	31	" " 24 " "	0	12	
June	1	1 day at Brainerd and 24 miles travel,	4	60	
	2	1 day at Bangor and 24 miles travel,	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8, 9, 10, 11	4 days at Whitney Bridge and 75 miles travel,	15	50	
	12	1 day at Brainerd and 25 miles travel,	1	20	
	13	1 day at Etna Plantation and 18 miles travel,	0	90	
	14, 15, 16, 17	4 days at Stacyville and 324 miles travel,	28	08	
	18, 19	2 days at Whitney Bridge and 97 miles travel,	9	70	
	20, 21	2 days at Enfield and 60 miles travel,	6	00	
	22	1 day at Bangor and 24 miles travel,	0	12	
July	1	1 day at Bangor and 24 miles travel,	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	31	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Aug	1	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	31	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Sept	1	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Oct	1	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	31	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Nov	1	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
Dec	1	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	2	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	3	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	4	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	5	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	6	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	7	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	8	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	9	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	10	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	11	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	12	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	13	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	14	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	15	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	16	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	17	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	18	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	19	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	20	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	21	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	22	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	23	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	24	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	25	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	26	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	27	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	28	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	29	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	30	" " 24 " "	0	12	
	31	" " 24 " "	0	12	

Approved, JASPER HUTCHINGS, County Attorney.

Examined, sworn to before me and approved. E. C. BRETT, Clerk of Courts.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,
To H. W. THOMAS, Dr.

To services as County Commissioner for the year 1874, to wit:

Jan.	6, 7	2 days at Bangor,	$3	00	
		80 miles travel,	4	32	
Feb	3	1 day at Bangor and 12 miles,	4	44	
Mar	3	1 day at Bangor and 12 miles,	4	44	
	16, 17, 18, 19, 20	5 days at Auburn,	9	00	
		220 miles travel from Hampden and back to Bangor,	24	75	
	9	1 day at Newport, via Barnett road,	4	44	
		25 miles travel,	2	81	
	2	1 day on Pet. of Alexander and others,	4	44	
		70 miles,	7	84	
	5	1 day at Bangor,	4	44	
		12 miles,	1	34	
	24	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
	27	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
May	6, 7	2 days at Bangor and travel,	8	88	
	11, 12	2 days at Bangor and travel,	8	88	
	13	1 day on Pet. of Schoolcraft and others,	4	44	
		70 miles,	7	84	
	25	1 day at Bangor,	4	44	
		12 miles,	1	34	
	27	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
	28	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
June	3, 4	2 days at Bangor and travel,	8	88	
	5	1 day on Pet. of Schoolcraft and others,	4	44	
		70 miles,	7	84	
	8	1 day at Bangor,	4	44	
		25 miles travel,	2	81	
	9, 10, 11, 12	4 days at Stacyville and 324 miles travel,	28	08	
	15, 16	2 days at Whitney Bridge and 97 miles travel,	9	70	
	17, 18	2 days on Pet. of A. Crockett,	8	88	
		160 miles,	16	00	
	19, 20	2 days on Pet. of Wm. Gardner,	8	88	
		130 miles,	13	00	
	22	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
	23, 24, 25	3 days on Pet. of Wm. Gardner,	13	32	
		130 miles,	13	00	
	26	1 day at Bangor and travel,	4	44	
July	7	1 day at Bangor,	4	44	
		40 miles travel,	3	96	
July	14	1 day at Bangor and travel	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
	31	" " "	4	44	
Aug	1	" " "	4	44	
	2	" " "	4	44	
	3	" " "	4	44	
	4	" " "	4	44	
	5	" " "	4	44	
	6	" " "	4	44	
	7	" " "	4	44	
	8	" " "	4	44	
	9	" " "	4	44	
	10	" " "	4	44	
	11	" " "	4	44	
	12	" " "	4	44	
	13	" " "	4	44	
	14	" " "	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
	31	" " "	4	44	
Sept	1	" " "	4	44	
	2	" " "	4	44	
	3	" " "	4	44	
	4	" " "	4	44	
	5	" " "	4	44	
	6	" " "	4	44	
	7	" " "	4	44	
	8	" " "	4	44	
	9	" " "	4	44	
	10	" " "	4	44	
	11	" " "	4	44	
	12	" " "	4	44	
	13	" " "	4	44	
	14	" " "	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
Oct	1	" " "	4	44	
	2	" " "	4	44	
	3	" " "	4	44	
	4	" " "	4	44	
	5	" " "	4	44	
	6	" " "	4	44	
	7	" " "	4	44	
	8	" " "	4	44	
	9	" " "	4	44	
	10	" " "	4	44	
	11	" " "	4	44	
	12	" " "	4	44	
	13	" " "	4	44	
	14	" " "	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
	31	" " "	4	44	
Nov	1	" " "	4	44	
	2	" " "	4	44	
	3	" " "	4	44	
	4	" " "	4	44	
	5	" " "	4	44	
	6	" " "	4	44	
	7	" " "	4	44	
	8	" " "	4	44	
	9	" " "	4	44	
	10	" " "	4	44	
	11	" " "	4	44	
	12	" " "	4	44	
	13	" " "	4	44	
	14	" " "	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
Dec	1	" " "	4	44	
	2	" " "	4	44	
	3	" " "	4	44	
	4	" " "	4	44	
	5	" " "	4	44	
	6	" " "	4	44	
	7	" " "	4	44	
	8	" " "	4	44	
	9	" " "	4	44	
	10	" " "	4	44	
	11	" " "	4	44	
	12	" " "	4	44	
	13	" " "	4	44	
	14	" " "	4	44	
	15	" " "	4	44	
	16	" " "	4	44	
	17	" " "	4	44	
	18	" " "	4	44	
	19	" " "	4	44	
	20	" " "	4	44	
	21	" " "	4	44	
	22	" " "	4	44	
	23	" " "	4	44	
	24	" " "	4	44	
	25	" " "	4	44	
	26	" " "	4	44	
	27	" " "	4	44	
	28	" " "	4	44	
	29	" " "	4	44	
	30	" " "	4	44	
	31	" " "	4	44	

Approved, JASPER HUTCHINGS, County Attorney.

Examined, sworn to before me and approved. E. C. BRETT, Clerk of Courts.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, held at Bangor, within and for said County of Penobscot, on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1875.

THE Commissioners of Insolvency for the estate of Francis M. Weymouth, late of Stetson, in said County of Penobscot, deceased, having made return of the Warrants to them issued for the purpose, together with their doings and proceedings, which is recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, volume 454, page 20, to have been and still remain open for the examination and allowance of the claims against said deceased's estate, and three months from the first day of January, A. D. 1875, having been allowed by said Commissioners for the payment of debts due from said deceased's estate:

ORDERED, That public notice be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier newspaper, printed at Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the first Monday of March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, then and there to make objection, if any they have or can show, against the allowance of said claims, and the said Commissioners are ordered to attend said Court at the time and place aforesaid, to be examined touching the premises, and to exhibit the evidence of the claims by them allowed.

JOHN S. GOD[illegible]

A true copy—Attest:

ALEXANDER C. FLINT, Register.

STAIRS & RAILS.

Special Notice to Builders and Dealers.

I am prepared to furnish

STAIRS, RAILS, POSTS, BALUSTERS,

at as *REASONABLE PRICES* as any *practical* shop in the State.

All orders, at place of business, or sent from a distance, accompanied by correct plans, will receive prompt attention, and be executed in a workmanlike manner. Place of business,

No. 15 State St., Bangor, Maine.

J. H. LIBBEY.

dec23 w1m51

Administrators' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

WILLIAM WADLEY, late of Exeter,

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

LORENZO D. BUTTERS, Admr.

Exeter, Dec. 29, 1874. 1*

Annual Statement of the Finances of the County of Penobscot: from December 26, 1873, to January 1, 1875.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,

In account with HORACE J. NICHOLSON, Cr

By	treasury last settlement,	$4,588	51
By	amount collected county taxes for 1874,	109,288	40
By	amount collected taxes for 1873, as per last settlement,	556	19
By	amount collected taxes for building bridges in No. 1, N. D. [illegible]	65	19
By	amount received of E. C. Brett, Clerk, on fees in 1874,	1,922	10
By	amount received of E. C. Brett, Clerk, on fees paid to him,	1,631	75
By	amount received of H. O. Gerrish, late Sheriff, for fines paid to him,	1,501	61
By	amount received of Geo. W. Whitney, late Treasurer, for fines paid to him,	1,433	87
By	amount received of Prisoners, for board in Gaol,	125	21
By	amount of miscellaneous receipts,	1,012	45
By	amount of notes and bonds,	1,647	00
By	note and bond given by Sheriff,	11,000	00
By	amount received from sales of County bonds,	10,000	00
By	amount received from attorneys for costs and fees,	80	00
By	amount of fees forfeited on absentees and jurors,	319	15
By	payment of fees due from officers on claims "42" and "43,"	1,253	61
By	amount of fees due from officers on claims for services,	3,011	63
By	amount of County Tax for 1875,	30,000	00
By	amount of tax assess'd for repair of roads,	0	00
		$199,715	65

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,

In account with HORACE J. NICHOLSON, Dr.

To	paid bills allowed by County Commissioners, as follows		
	For damages on location of roads,	735	00
	For stationery, printing, &c.,	2,000	00
	For services in Court Houses, surveying, &c.,	1,000	00
	For amount collected by road agents,	1,000	00
	For support of prisoners in jail,	4,123	00
	For support of prisoners in House of Correction,	238	00
	For [illegible] of roads, re-opening, [illegible] towns,	90	00
	For Clerk of Courts, services and money paid out,	5,778	00
	For services of Sheriffs,	500	00
	For repairs on County buildings,	1,000	00
	For miscellaneous expenses,	1,791	31
	For fuel and lights,	1,776	09
	For new County workshop, labor and materials,	15,005	50
	To amount paid Treasurer on Special Act,	8,000	00
	To paid Grand, Trust and Land Court,	8,257	00
	To paid salary of Judge of Probate,	1,800	00
	To paid salary of Register of Probate,	1,800	00
	To paid salary of Recorder of Police Court,	900	00
	To paid County Commissioners,	2,000	00
	To paid agent to enforce statute to prevent the throwing of slabs and other refuse into Penobscot river,	211	75
	To amount of fees included above on attachments, and due constables for services, as per last settlement,	1,116	65
	To amount of S. J. C. court orders to constables for serving venires, 1874,	278	50
	To amount of bills of costs examined and allowed by S. J. Court,	6,000	16
	To amount of bills of costs in criminal cases allowed by County Commissioners,	2,041	19
	To paid A. W. Paine, Treasurer of Law Library Account,	100	00
	To paid Georgetown Co., city bonds,	4,000	00
	To paid Court, bonds due June 1,	5,000	00
	To paid temporary loans,	6,400	00
	To paid interest on temporary loans,	125	00
	To amount of County tax of 1874 unsold,	18,769	10
	To amount of tax assessed for repair of roads unredeemed,	113	09
	To amount of tax assessed for repair of roads, worked out by Pratt letters, and cancelled by clerk of County Commissioners,	501	44
	To amount of tax assessed for repair of roads and allowed by order of County Commissioners,

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication, should be addressed to Editor of Whig and Courier."

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1875.

DEMOCRATIC POLICY.

The country has had a specimen of Democratic policy in the manner in which they have blocked all legislation during a continuous session of forty-six hours, by filibustering to prevent the consideration of one of the most important measures before the country. It is well understood that parliamentary rules are relied upon as a protection for minorities, but they have a legitimate use, and such is not their employment to prevent all action whatsoever upon a subject, purposely within the control of the majority of the House. Under the existing rules a motion to suspend the rules is in order only on Monday's except during the last ten days of a session, and without such a suspension the several motions which are always in order may be employed for dilatory purposes and hold the majority powerless to act, except in answering the roll-calls which in this case were repeated seventy-five times. The spectacle thus afforded to the country gives a foretaste of the treatment which any liberal measure may expect when the Confederacy and its allies will control a majority in the next House of Representatives.

The object of the Republicans was to obtain a vote on the Civil Rights bill, and the Democrats are determined that the views of a majority of the House shall not find expression on that measure. It requires but a majority vote to pass the bill, but a vote of two-thirds is required to susp nd the rules, without which the minority can successfully obstruct any action. In this case there was no attempt to get a snap-judgment on the measure, or to deprive the minority of any right. On the contrary it was proposed that the bill should be apened freely to amendments and that nearly all the time for debate be awarded to the opposition. The Democrats are strategically determined that the bill shall not pass unless it commands a two-thirds vote, and they are fighting against this declaration of equal rights as they fought for the slave-masters in the olden time. Rules which are susceptible of such gross abuse as that which has just been practiced, evidently require examination, and we hope that some way may be devised by which without impairing any legitimate right of the minority, the repetition of such an episode will be made impossible. The Democrats should not be permitted to control the present House as well as the next.

HON. G. F. HOAR'S IMPRESSIONS IN ORLEANS. A New Orleans correspondent of the New York *Times* says in a telegram of the 27th:

"To-night, Mr. Hoar, the chairman of the committee, stated to your correspondent that he and his associates had been much impressed by the evidence elicited from Merrill's statement it was evident that negroes in the parishes did not receive justice before the courts. It is true that those courts were presided over by Republican judges, but that influences which their white neighbors exerted over them prevented them from acting with fairness.

Touching the matter of negro outrages, Mr. Hoar intimated that in his opinion the whites should, to a great extent, be held responsible for any disturbances that had occurred. To illustrate: All the testimony taken went to prove that if some foolish negro snapped a cap at a white man, a dozen of the latter's friends would retaliate by putting a dozen balls into the negro's body, not because he had snapped the cap, but because he was black. How the condition of things was to be remedied was a problem which did not seem much enlightened even after the testimony was taken and helped him to a solution. He had been astonished at the statements made regarding the depreciated value of real estate in Louisiana. A friend upon whom he relied had informed him of cases where the revenue derived from large properties was not sufficient to pay the taxes. This was a terrible state of affairs, and should receive immediate attention. How it was to be remedied, however, was not clear."

It appears from the correspondence that the proposition to have the Congressional Committee arbitrate upon the claims of Kellogg and McEnery growing out of the election of 1872 is still under consideration, and has been assented to by Kellogg. Mr. Hoar thinks it would be possible for the committee to decide upon the case in a way which would be satisfactory to all parties. The great difficulty would be to get the white masses to abide by the decision rendered.

SENATOR CONKLING ON LOUISIANA.—The Boston *Journal's* Washington special of Thursday night says "Old stagers here have been reminded this afternoon of those memorable days when Webster, Clay or Crittenden used to address the Senate. The galleries were rapidly crowded with an intelligent and appreciative audience, including a number of the Diplomatic Corps, while George Bancroft and other distinguished men had seats on the floor. The Senators were among the most attentive listeners, and for upward of four hours did Mr. Conkling hold the attention of this vast multitude as he gave in eloquent language the law and the facts bearing on the recent use of the United States troops in Louisiana. It is impossible to give an abstract of Mr. Conkling's speech that will convey an adequate idea of it, for there is not a sentence that can be omitted without weakening the general effect. His vindication of President Grant was especially powerful, and he was very severe on those who have endeavored to drown the calm voice of reason in the storm of passionate, partisan outcry."

SPEAKER BLAINE. The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* relates the following incident of the all-night session in the House:—

At half-past twelve the twenty-second ballot is being taken. On the last ballot it was discovered that Mr. Garfield's name, though he was absent, had been recorded as voting, and on this bubble-house Mr. Cessna, in the chair, ruling that the error could not be corrected except in the record. The House got into a snarl, until Speaker Blaine came to the rescue, and in a few words cleared up the difficulty to the general satisfaction. His voice, which is not often heard except from the Speaker's chair, attracted general attention, and it was remarked that he cut clean into the difficulty in a very few words. Some of the Democrats remarked that Mr. Blaine promised to be a formidable foe in the next session.

THE PROPOSED NEW RULE. A Washington despatch says there has been a good deal of consultation among leading Republicans as to the character of the new rule of the House. The rule proposed by Mr. Cessna last Monday has been substantially modified, and those Republicans who voted against it can, without inconsistency, vote for the one to take its place. Mr. Cessna's was to be applicable only to the remainder of the present session. This is to be a general rule until changed or repealed. It provides that when any question is pending before the House there shall be but two dilatory motions entertained—one to adjourn and one fixing the time to which it shall adjourn—but the previous question is not to be seconded on the same day that the proposition is introduced or reported, unless by a majority of three-fourths. In other words the new rule is designed, to prevent filibustering, while at the same time it furnishes additional guard to the minority.

The Massachusetts Legislature is also investigating expenditures in the publication line. A statement shows that the expense of printing and binding of documents in that State in 1874 was $165,620 62, which is thought to be large. Among the large items are these: Report of State Board of Health, $10,263.03; the Manual, $8,635.41 General Laws, $11,589.75; Agricultural Report, $15,338.74, Sumner Memorial, $9,589 09; Report of Board of Education, $10,062.28. There were 33,000 copies of the records of ballots for Senator last spring, which cost $903.27.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSION. On Thursday the constitutional commission by a vote of 7 to 3, adopted a resolve to the effect that Senators shall be elected by a plurality vote, and another by a vote of 6 to 4 that the Governor be elected the same way. Another resolve was passed and put in form for submission, providing that persons qualified to vote may do so while engaged in the volunteer militia as the Legislature may provide.

Dr. Ribble presented a resolve to the effect that the commission shall submit to the Legislature both the amendments adopted and the result of their work in the codified form in which the Constitution would stand if adopted, which was lost.

Mr. Libbey laid on the table a proposition that in civil suits in the second trial, nine jurors may find a verdict.

The time of the Commission for the balance of the day was mostly devoted to the consideration of corporations in connection with the constitution and the Legislature. The six propositions presented by Mr. Libbey on Monday were taken up. The following was substituted for the first.

"RESOLVED, That the Legislature shall not subvert in any charter or act of incorporation any provision which shall exclude said corporation from the operation of any existing general laws in relation to the powers of the Legislature to amend, alter or repeal acts of incorporation."

The second was withdrawn. The third and fourth which was as follows, was lost.

That the exercise of eminent domain shall never be construed to prevent the Legislature from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use.

No corporation existing at the time of the adoption of this article shall have the benefit of any future legislation, except on condition of the acceptance of the provisions of the constitution.

The debate on these topics was very animated, Messrs. Talbot and Libbey earnestly advocating the essential principles as above set forth, and Messrs. Pike, Maddocks and others combatting them.

Judge Kent presented the first amended section but reserved it for slight alteration.

ASTRONOMICAL GIFT. A magnificent clock and cut-drops of diamonds were received Wednesday at the New York Custom House for delivery to Mrs. Lieutenant Thomas W. Brady, nee Miss Maude Silerman. They were sent by the Khedive of Egypt as a wedding present to the daughter of General Sherman, in token of his appreciation of the advice concerning the reorganization and discipline of officers for that army, given by the General during his visit to Cairo in 1873. They were forwarded through Oppenheimer Brothers, the Paris bankers, and were consigned to Drexel, Morgan & Co., of New York. The clock itself is a perfect mosaic of large diamonds, artistically set, and with small but very brilliants hanging down in the valuable form of pendants. The engravings are composed of a number of the largest sized diamonds arranged to match the necklace. Both are combined in a superb jewel case of velvet and accompanied by a congratulatory letter from the Khedive. Lieutenant Brady accompanied by several of his wife's relatives, called at the Custom House and received the present. All who saw it were enthusiastic in their expressions of admiration of it. It still remains in the possession of Deputy Collector Bleecker, pending the commission of some formalities necessary to its delivery. Congress, recently, by a joint resolution, authorized the Lieutenant to receive it. Its value is estimated at $250,000.

SHIPBUILDING IN BATH. The *Times* correctly gives a list of vessels built in that city during the year. The footings are as follows:—

12 Ships,	18,991 61	Tons
9 Barques,	9,148 79	"
2 Brigantines,	2,172 97	"
3 Belts,	1,193 97	"
21 Schooners,	5,226 06	"
13 Sloops,	717 56	"
2 Propellers,	108 52	"
57 Vessels,	37,557 98	Tons

Georgetown built two, Phipsburg three, Richmond three, Perkins two, Woolwich one, Bowdoinham three, Topsham one—the rest were built in Bath, which boasts as the builder-est of the State.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL

Harper's Weekly thinks that the first duty of the Republican Administration is to pardon Kellogg.

It is anxiety to conceal the fact that his election was due to his service in the rebel army, Senator Ce kerell recently said in a speech.

The point I make is this. That service [illegible] you grumble or complenans in the Federal and Confederate armies should not be invoked or promotion or advance to official position."

The Chicago *Times* says that the United States will not recognize the Spanish monarchy until Caleb Cushing ascertains whether Alfonso keeps a dog in his backyard.

A Washington special says the Republican members have been united by the opposition aroused against them on the Civil Rights bill, and will subordinate all differences as to details to the unanimous determination to carry the measure through.

The Albany *Journal* says "The Democrats are congratulating themselves that Andy Johnson will annoy the Republicans in the United States Senate. This is possible, but the reverse is likely to be true, as he has always been more troublesome to his friends than his enemies."

They had high old times in the last Philadelphia Democratic caucus. One man was thrown out of a second story window, and a reporter speaks of the party champions who "rotated to fisticuffs punched, gouged and banged each other, swearing and yelling as they forcibly handled each other's eyes, noses and upper and lower jaws." This is the party that aspires to govern the country.

Special Notices.

NORUMBEGA LODGE.

Members are requested to meet at Hyphan Hall at 1 o'clock M., on Saturday, to attend the funeral of our late brother, D. C. D. W. Wheeler.

H. D. WILLIAMS, C. C.

jan30 eod1t

A CHALLENGE.

Editor of the Whig and Courier:

The undersigned, Agent for the Chemical Fire Engine, known as the "LITTLE GIANT," is happy to take advantage of the occasion afforded by the presence of a "Babcock Extinguisher" in the city, to have a test experiment of the relative merits and efficiency of the two machines, as "suitable to be adopted by our city, as auxiliary to its Fire Department. And I am perfectly willing that the conditions, place and time of exhibition and the selection of Judges may be determined by the Agent of the "Babcock."

JOSEPH S. SMITH.

January 29, 1875. 3t

Dancing Notice.

My Eighth Social Dance class at the City Hall, on this Saturday evening, January 30th, 1875. Admission 50 cents. Gallery, 25 cents. Ladies who dance, free. Dancing commences at 8 and closes at 1 past 11 o'clock, promptly.

JOHN MARTIN.

jan30 3t

Annual Meeting of the Maine Woman Suffrage Association.

The annual Convention of the Maine Woman Suffrage Association will be held in

Representatives' Hall, at the State House in Augusta,

On Friday, the 12th day of February, 1875, afternoon and evening. Distinguished speakers from abroad will address the convention, and prominent persons in our own State will participate in discussions.

Believing that no change in the organic law of the State will be of such vital consequence to the cause of public morality, and give [illegible] to the rights and recognition of women as citizens, we request all persons who sympathize with our purposes, to meet with us and aid us in our efforts to secure this act of justice and beneficence.

Per order

BENJAMIN KINGSBURY, Jr., President

Portland, Jan 28, 1875. jan30

Caldwell Sweet

AT HIS NEW STORE,

No. 2 MAIN STREET, MASON'S CORNER,

will be pleased to see his old friends and customers, and many new ones as well. Store in full blast, and open this THURSDAY EVENING, January 28 jan29

Grand Masquerade.

CITY HALL, Wednesday Evening, Feb. 3d.

All lovers of real fun are respectfully invited. Bond's Cadet Band in attendance. Right to sell liquor reserved. Music by Mose Swan, Grant Hatfield, Medley and others.

Tickets to Ghost, $1.00; Gallery 25 cents, to be had of the following:

MANAGERS—D. McDonald, C. Nim Nickerson, Edwin Plummer, and at the door.

Floor Managers—Frank Cook.

S. D. McDONALD

REMOVAL.

J. F. PARKHURST

Has removed his stock of TRUNKS, BAGS and SATCHELS, to

NO. 2 MASONIC BLOCK, MAIN ST.,

Next Store to J. C. Wilde's

jan25 2w

Bangor City Bonds,

For Sale at

FARMER'S NATIONAL BANK,

BANGOR.

dec11 tf

STAMPING NOTICE.

DWELLEY & CO.

Have restored their stock of Patterns and are prepared to do all kinds of Stamping.

Cyphers, over C. C. WILLIAMS & CO.'s store, Main St. DWELLEY & CO.

dec21 3m

Glace Photographs!

A new style of picture, very suitable for Holiday Gifts, and less expensive than the Porcelain. Call and see them at

HARDY'S,

Kenduskeag Block.

dec23 tf

$500 REWARD.

A reward of five hundred dollars will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who fired the dwelling house of the subscriber on Pickering Square, on the night of the 27th inst.

NEWELL BLAKE, Mayor.

May 25, 1874 tf

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE

Of H. J. PREBLE.

No. 4 Kenduskeag Bridge, BANGOR, Maine

jan29 tf

For Sale or Rent.

7 AND 6 OCTAVE PIANOS.

Prices low for cash, from $50 to $200 00 per quarter. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. Now is the time to get a good Piano low. Call and see them.

jan26 3m PITTEN & WHEELDEN

PIANOS

—AND—

ORGANS.

Prices and terms for cash, or instalments to suit. Piano and Organ for rent. Tuning and repairing a specialty. Pianos to print. Piano covers and stools at low prices.

F. S. DAVENPORT,

Water room, Kenduskeag Bl'k, Exchange St., Bangor.

dec7 tf

NOTICE.

All persons in want of GOOD, HONEST MEN members of BANGOR REFORM CLUB, for any employment, from a saw mill to building a steam boat, can be supplied at the shortest notice by applying to CO. C. S. CHESSMAN, at Reading Room, Franklin Street, Bangor, open A. M. and 6 P. M. Send orders from the country.

jan1 3m

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

The Assessors will be in session at their office on SATURDAY AFTERNOONS for a few weeks, commencing Jan. 9, to attend to any business which may come before them.

WILLIAM ARNOLD, } Assessors
B. SPENCER, } of
H. H. HEATHERLY, } Bangor.

dec9 tf

CERTRUDE DECROW,

TEACHER OF

PIANO AND SINGING.

Residence, 13 George Street.

nov16 3m d&tf

F. H. LOUGEE,

PIANOFORTE TUNER AND REPAIRER.

All persons having Pianos, Organs or Melodeons can have them promptly and faithfully tuned and repaired, by leaving their orders with W. F. Wilson, in Chas. Hedges' Jewelry store, No. 4 Smith Block. Satisfaction guaranteed—prices reasonable.

blo 6m July30

CONSUMPTIVES, TAKE NOTICE.

Every moment of delay makes your cure more hopeless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, for consumption, far exceeds all that was ever brought to support the pretensions of any medicine. See Dr Schenck's Almanac, and the certificates of many persons of the highest character and standing in this community, after being pronounced incurable by physicians, publishing their letters. Pulmonic Syrup has cured many, as the certificates show, but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr Schenck prescribes for the purpose. These additional cures are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines according to directions, Dr. Schenck cert. that consumption can be cured.

Dr. Schenck will be at the Quincy House, Boston, on the following Wednesdays, from 9 to 3 o'clock: March 10th and 24th. Consultation free; but for a thorough examination of the lungs, with the Respirometer, the price is $5.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Corner of Arch and Sixth, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

Mar. 13, 1874. eow1y

There is no cure of Pulmonary diseases which Dr. MORRIS' SYRUP OF TARR, WILD CHERRY and HOREHOUND will not cure, or greatly relieve. As a remedy for all Chronic and Long diseases, and for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Consumption, it has no equal. Takes away the soreness of Whooping Cough, clears and strengthens the voice of speakers and singers. Contains no opium and is pleasant to take. Trial bottles, 10 cents. WM. E. MANN and J. F. PATTEN, agents for Bangor; Nelson Bros., Oldtown; F. G. Rogers, Hampden; W. D. Powell, Winterport; A. F. Page, Bucksport.

JOHN W. PERKINS & CO., Portland, General Agents. eod

Stereoscopic Views.

50 cents per dozen—former price $1 25

C. L. DAKIN,

jan20 tf 12 Main St., corner Water St.

GIRL WANTED

to do general housework in a small family. Inquire of Mrs. Cumberland jan28

St. John and Penobscot River Permits.

For sale by

jan25 D. RUGBEE & CO.

Tribune and World Almanac,

For 1875, received by

jan22 E. F. & W. G. DUTTON.

Robe Lost.

Between Bangor and Orono, a Light Straw Robe. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office jan29

Muff Lost.

On the 27th of January, a Sable Muff, with Red Lining, between the Marine Corps' Depot and Kenduskeag. Whoever returns the same to the No. 74 Exchange st., shall be suitably rewarded.

jan29 1t

Wanted.

A reliable GIRL to do general Housework. Must bring a good recommendation from her last employer. None others need apply.

L. T. C. GOWEN,

jan27 No. 26 Summer street

SURE POP!

Just received and for sale at Whidden's, Old Bridge Block,

100 BARRELS NEW CIDER,

200 BARRELS POP CORN

BURNHAM & PRESCOTT,

jan27 tf No. 1 Mercantile Square

LADIES

Wishing for something in the Millinery Line, will find it for their interest to call at

C. W. COFFIN'S,

No. 19 MAIN Street.

All goods will be sold at closing out prices. Hollerick's Patterns and Bust Supports.

jan1

In the District Court of the United States

for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of DANIEL HASSELL, of Dexter, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the said Bankrupt has been declared and adjudged bankrupt on his own application to E. G. Swazey, Register, No. 52 Broad street, Bangor.

CHAS. HAMLIN, Reg'ister.

January 16, 1875. 2w3w

FITS CURED FREE!!

Any person suffering from the above disease is requested to address Dr. Pitts, and a trial bottle of medicine will be forwarded by Express.

The only cost being the Express charges, which, on 65 my large business, are small.

Dr. Pitts is a regular physician, and has made the treatment of

FITS OR EPILEPSY

a study for years, and he will warrant a cure by the use of this remedy.

Do not fail to send to him for a trial bottle, it costs nothing, and he

WILL CURE YOU,

no matter of how long standing your case may be, or how many other remedies may have failed.

Circulars and testimonials sent with

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

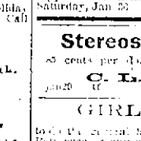
Be particular to give your Express, as well as your Post Office direction, and

Address

Dr. Chas. T. Price,

67 William Street, New York

dec4 d&w6m



Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Liver Complaint, Pains or Sore Chest or Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most remedies, but loosens it, relieves the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

Consumption Can Be Cured

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received. None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

50 cts and $1 a bottle, large bottles much the cheaper.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Sold by dealers generally.

nov14 eod&wsow47

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to the order of the Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot, I shall sell at public auction on the premises on FRIDAY, the 19th day of February, A. D., 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., all the right, title and interest which the estate of the late John Goddard, deceased, had at the time of his decease, in and to the following described real estate, situated in said Orono, viz: [illegible] four acres, more or less, bounded as follows: [illegible] and the interest which the said deceased had at the time of his decease

Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1875.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Legislative Business—Various Matters Disposed of—The Work in Committee—Hearing on Capital Punishment, etc.

SPECIAL TO THE WHIG AND COURIER.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 29. The special doings of interest in the Legislature to-day may be disposed of as follows.—The Senate passed the wharf bill of T. L. Roberts of Bar Harbor, as amended by the House and amended the wharf bill of Charley Dearing, so that in the extension of his wharf at Bar Harbor, its construction shall not interfere with the navigation of Bar Harbor. A bill was reported in the House to establish wharf limits at Brewer, which was tabled. The railroad fencing bill was taken from the Senate table and assigned for to-morrow. The bill relating to the prevention of fraud was amended in the House, and assigned for to-morrow.

Bills Reported.

Bills were reported incorporating the Ump Park Association, to reduce the par value of the stock of the Continental Mills of Lewiston, and to issue new shares; to incorporate the National Temperance Camp Meeting Association, to authorize Bideford to aid in building the Shore Line Railroad; to incorporate the Mattawamkeag Boat Company, to authorize McKeen Gilmore and Luther V. Gilmore to build a wharf in Eddington and Brewer, to extend the time for completing the Bangor Water Works, and to renew the charters of the Eastern and Mercantile banks of Bangor, and the North bank of Rockland, to incorporate the Saccarappa Savings Bank.

Adverse Reports

were made in the recommendations of the Attorney-General in his report, on the account of the Railroad Commissioners for certain expenses incurred by them two years ago; to prevent the double taxation of mortgaged real estate; relating to damages to land-holders on the location of town roads; to amending the divorce law, to secure the payment of laborers upon railroads; to making sections 17 and 18 of chap 124 of R. S., applicable to the annual shows and fairs of incorporated agricultural societies, to protecting pedestrians on public highways, and for preventing fast driving of horses within the limits of cities and towns; and to repeal the Calais Court bill.

Corporations.

The House has passed acts incorporating the Prescott and Stockton Cheese Co., with a capital of $3,000; Monhegan Fire & Marine Insurance Co., and extending the time for the location and completion of the Cumberland County Central Railroad for five years.

An Indian Delegate.

The Penobscot tribe of Indians having elected Mitchell Paul Sasup as a delegate to represent them before the Legislature, that aboriginal appeared to-day and presented his credentials. He will be allowed to smoke his pipe of peace in undisturbed serenity.

Reimbursement for Money Lost.

Mr. Stratton of Mattawamkeag presented in the House a petition from the Assessors of Lafayette plantation for reimbursement for money lost in transit, under the following circumstances.—In the late rebellion the plantation contributed to the families of soldiers in the United States service to the amount of $627 31, that was allowed to amount by the State. The money was sent to the Plantation Treasurer by his order, and, as it was alleged, was never received by him. The plantation has had several suits at law, and has failed to get any recompense for the loss. The state is now called upon to shake good the loss.

Retrenchment in View.

The Senate passed an order directing the Secretary of State to furnish the Legislature with a detailed statement of all appropriations and donations of money granted by the Legislature for the last five years, and for what purposes granted.

Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad.

A bill was introduced with a view of amending the charter of the Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad Company, so as to authorize that corporation to perfect the mode of issuing bonds with connecting roads.

Reimbursement for a Trial.

A resolve was reported to reimburse the county of Knox to the amount of $3,600, for expenses incurred in the trial of Robbins, who figured in the Annie B. tragedy.

Idiotic Persons.

A bill was reported to repeal the law passed last winter relating to the discharge of idiotic persons from the Insane Asylum. The passage of this law has occasioned great dissatisfaction.

Paupers without Settlement.

A bill was reported repealing sections 30, 40, and 41 of chap. 24, R. S., as asked for by the International Steamship Company. It refers to bringing into this State, paupers having no settlement, and imposing on common carriers a tax of head money, with penalties, etc

Punishment for Intoxication.

An order of inquiry was referred relating to repealing chap. 235 of the laws of 1874, relating to intoxicated and disorderly persons, now punishable by fine and imprisonment for second offence.

Matters for Legislation.

Orders of inquiry were referred looking to legislation for the protection of executors in the payment of legacies, where the legatee is deceased, to enable holders of bill of banks for which receivers have been appointed to realize dividends from the assets of such banks; to except neat stock less than three years old from taxation.

The Hampden Petition.

The Committee on Towns have voted to refer to the next Legislature the petition for setting off a portion of Hampden and incorporating the same into the City of Bangor.

The Capital Punishment Question.

At the hearing on the capital punishment question this afternoon, before the Judiciary Committee, the Representative Hall, where the hearing took place, was packed to repletion with members of the Legislature and outsiders. A large number of ladies were present. Arguments in favor of abolishing the death penalty were made by Rev. Mr. Quimby, Friends John D. Long and Joseph Taylor, and by Hon. Geo. F. Talbot against its abolition. This is the final hearing and the Committee will report at an early day.

Visiting Committees.

The State Prison Committee will visit that institution on Thursday of next week, and the Agricultural Committee will visit the State College of Agriculture on Friday of next week.

An Artist Senator.

One of our grave and dignified Senators during his leisure moments employs the time in running the Midway, Illustrated News. The illustrations in the line of caricature are capital, and show that our Senatorial Nast wields as sharp and ready a pencil as could be found in the line of "entlery." His hits are directed at current events familiar to the lawmakers, and are daly appreciated.

Finally Passed.

The following have finally passed both branches and gone to the Governor for approval

An act additional to an act to confer certain powers on the city of Portland; an act to incorporate the Morrill Cheese and Butter Factory; an act to incorporate the Steuben Slate Co.; an act to incorporate the Hubbard & Blake Manufacturing Co.; an act to incorporate the Winterport Butter and Cheese Factory.

The Constitutional Commission

to-day adopted a proposition to the effect that that clause of the Constitution which declares that all religious societies shall have the right of electing their public teachers and contracting for the same, shall be stricken out. It was further agreed to amend section 8 so that it shall be discretionary for the Legislature to endow the higher schools and not the duty thereof. The following articles were reported by Judge Kent in form for presentation to the Legislature:—

Article 13. The Legislature shall from time to time provide as far as practicable by general laws for all matters appertaining to special or private legislation.

Article 14. Corporations may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special acts of the Legislature except for municipal purposes and in cases where the objects of the corporation cannot be obtained under general laws.

The balance of the day was consumed in considering the question of taxing corporations, particularly railroads.

T.

THE GRAND ARMY.

The Department of Maine.

TO CONSOLIDATE PARTS.

PORTLAND, Jan. 29. The Grand Encampment, of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Maine, in session at Skowhegan last evening, elected Gen. Selden Connor, Commander; Isaac Dyer, Senior Vice Commander; J. T. Richards, Junior Vice Commander; Dr. W. B. Lapham, Medical Director; Rev. Geo. W. Bicknell, Chaplain.

FROM PORTLAND.

Hammond Arrested.

PORTLAND, Jan. 29. Geo. C. Hamelond, the man who escaped from the Detective at Salmon Falls a few days since, while on his way to Portland with the supposed Treasurer Robbins, and who was afterwards reported as dead, was arrested to-day in Great Falls, N. H., by Detective Wortman and brought here and lodged in jail.

AIKEN.

A Second Conviction.

PORTLAND, Jan. 29. In the case, State vs. Jonathan Watson, indicted in May, 1873, for the crime of arson in setting fire to buildings of Sharon Jordan at Cape Elizabeth, the jury to-day found him guilty. This is the second trial, Watson having been found guilty on the first and granted a new trial on exception. Watson is sixty years old. The penalty is imprisonment for life.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.

Senate.

A large number of reports were made from the Committee on Pensions

Mr. Conkling presented the credentials of Francis Kernan, Senator from New York.

The Senate agreed that when it adjourns to-day it shall be to meet on Monday.

Mr. Bogy presented the credentials of F. M. Cockerell, Senator from Missouri

At the expiration of the morning hour Mr Conkling took the floor and resumed his argument in regard to Louisiana. He was followed by Senator Gordon of Ga

THE HOUSE ADJOURNED.

End of a Forty-six Hours' Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. The House adjourned at 4½ o'clock and 25 minutes this morning after a continuous session of 46 hours and 25 minutes. There was no compromise. The motion to adjourn was made by Mr. Ward, of Illinois, who said it was evident that the extent of human endurance had been reached and that no legislation could be had under the present rules of the House. He was unwilling to submit to the torture any longer and therefore moved to adjourn. The vote was carried 75 against 66—29 Republicans voting in the affirmative. The roll was called 75 times during the sitting. The House will meet Saturday noon

PACIFIC MAIL SUBSIDY.

Mr. Ordway's Books—No Traces of Subsidy Money.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. The Committee on Ways and Means have adjourned the subsidy question till to-morrow. A gentleman of New York whose name is not mentioned has been summoned to testify relative to Schumacher's expenditures. Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway will appear before the Committee to-morrow or Monday and exhibit his books, showing the manner of keeping the private accounts of members; and he will make a statement that in May and June, 1873, not more than thirteen members had such accounts with him, the sum of all not aggregating more than $9,000. There are no traces of money connected with the subsidy; none of the deposits being over $200 at a time.

Ex-Senator Cole,

of California, has telegraphed to the Committee for a copy of the testimony of Irwin connecting his name with that of A. T. Whiting. It is not impossible that Cole himself will be subpœnaed to appear before the Committee.

King Still Missing.

The Sergeant-at-Arms has been engaged for several days in tracing the truth of the rumor that Wm. S. King came to this city and secreted himself to consult with counsel. The Sergeant-at-Arms to-day said he could make no discovery whatever establishing the truth of the rumor, and therefore pronounces it to be without foundation.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

Argument in Favor of Tilton's Right to Testify Against His Wife.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. There was a great crowd of lawyers in the Brooklyn City Court room this morning to hear the arguments for and against the admission of Theodore Tilton as a witness. The atmosphere of the Court room was almost at a freezing point, and when Judge Neilson entered, he issued a mandate for the closing of all the windows, which had hitherto remained open. The shivering forms of the counsel literally groaned beneath the pile of law books deposited on them. Mr. Beecher and his family were absent, but Mr. Tilton sat among his counsel.

Judge Neilson said he had written to the editor of the Tribune in regard to the publishing of the pamphlet by the Tribune, and he was sorry to say that the Tribune did not publish the pamphlet in question. He censured the parties publishing the pamphlet for their severe criticisms on the witness, Mr. Moulton, and he hoped that the offence would not be repeated in the future publications of the pamphlet.

After the jury were ascertained to be present Gen. Pryor resumed his argument at the point where he had broken off yesterday. The act of 1867, said the counsel, contemplates no such thing as prohibiting parties to the suit in a charge of adultery giving evidence for or against each other. He said this witness did not attempt to take the stand against his wife, but against her seducer. He claimed that the statement of opposing counsel that no husband or wife could give collateral evidence in a suit that was to criminate the other, was not sound law in England or America.

Wm. A. Beach, of Tilton's counsel, followed in an elaborate argument on same side. He protested against the practice of permitting the seducer to sit while the lips of the husband should be sealed. In the course of his remarks he pictured the ideal home of Tilton, and portrayed the story of Beecher's guilt as asserted by the prosecution, and said that of Mrs. Tilton on the ground that she was weak and was persuaded that his guilt was not sin. Counsel cited numerous cases to fortify his demand for the admission of Tilton's evidence, until his remarks were suspended for

A Recess.

In their remarks both counsel arraigned Mr. Beecher in severe terms as guilty of the grossest crimes.

During the arguments the spectators and counsel were held enthralled by the eloquence of the counsel engaged. Mr. Tilton leaned back in his seat with his hands thrust in his coat pockets.

A Sensation.

After recess a commotion was raised in the Court room by the entrance of Mr. Tilton on the arm of Mr. Carrington, accompanied by Mrs. Field and Mrs. Freeman. The party took their respective seats during the jury and behind the counsel for the defence. When order had been restored Mr Beach continued his argument, in the course of which he said he would not touch the money of the dead, but only sought his wife's evidence. The counsel concluded by asking leave of the Court for discussing from his subject. Mr. Evarts then rose to a

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Governor Disbands the Edgefield Militia

CHARLESTON, Jan. 29. Governor Chamberlain, in accordance with the recommendations of Judge MacKay, has issued a proclamation disarming the turbulent and militia of Edgefield county and handing all the militia organized of said county. The Governor proclaims that he is ready to restore county officials upon re-assumption of peaceful conduct in office, and enjoins upon citizens to refrain from all acts tending to produce excitement. Quiet now prevails in Edgefield.

ANDY JOHNSON.

His Democratic Credentials

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. In answer to a query of General Gordon of Georgia, fifty-nine rebels voted for Andy Johnson the following was sent from Nashville (the Chairman) of the Democratic Committee:—

Senators—6 Confederate and 3 Union; Representatives—21 Confederate and 10 Union men. Nearly all the Confederates served during the entire war and most of them lost limbs.

MISSOURI.

God in the Constitution.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 29th. The National Reform Convention last night adopted a series of resolutions as to the duty of the Nation in recognizing God in the Constitution similar to those adopted at Boston last fall. President Weeks said that the recognition of God by the Nation should be viewed as a moral duty and not as a political measure. Adjourned

THE LOUISIANA INQUIRY.

Testimony of Col. Morrow.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 29. Col. Morrow testified before the Congressional Committee last night that he had been through all the parishes to the mouth of Red River, and had not heard any hostility expressed towards the United States. He said he attributed the recent uprising of the State in the first place to a deep seated opinion on the part of the people that they have been defrauded of their rights at the elections, and secondly, that they feel themselves imposed upon by some of the processes of law. There is also a feeling more imaginary than real in relation to the negro. They do not regard the black man as exactly entitled to the position he occupies. He found that black men had been put in positions to which their education did not entitle them, and in the instance of a black jury, not one of whose could write, sat in a case involving $180,000." He was told by the best class of people that the negro would not vote as his race dictated, but leaves could be found to him, and the efforts would be made to control them. From the results of his investigations he reported that there was no necessity for troops in Northern Louisiana. The difficulty with Lieut. Hodgson arose from his harsh treatment of a prisoner and insults to Judge Trimble. He believed that the people would submit to Republican officers if fairly elected, but in some places he was informed that United States Marshals could not execute processes of law unaided, and there was difficulty in obtaining a competent posse to be United States Marshal at Shreveport. But when an acceptable one was appointed, the citizens offered to assist him.

Questions and Answers.

Question—What is your idea of the people in the parishes you went through as to peace and order?

Ans.—Well, sir, if the repeated protestations of the people are to be relied on the fighting they desire no more, as peace, and to look at the country I should say it existed it.

Question—Did you notice any results that could be attributed to bad government?

Ans.—The fences are down, houses are abandoned and throughout the whole country it looks to me like a country an army has marched through. I do not know whether it can be attributed to bad government. The people seem to have fallen into a state of despondency. There does not appear to be ordinary American vitality about them.

Question—What do you think would be the proper remedy to apply to a case of this description?

Ans.—Well, I am not a statesman, and the Louisiana question has staggered the best minds in the country, and it is hazardous for army officers, inexperienced in statesmanship to venture any opinion on that subject. I am sure of one thing, that if it were possible that the negroes of Louisiana could be brought under some government it would have a material effect on the public sentiment.

His Opinion of Louisiana.

He was told that taxes had been levied and raised for schools for the negroes, and taken by officials. He was told that they would still vote for Packard. Democrats and Republicans that the people would prefer a military to the present State Government. "I have no hesitation in saying that were I a capitalist anxious to invest money, Louisiana would be the last State in the Union where I would invest. Any one acquainted with Southern character knows they are more intolerant of differences of opinion than those who come from more northern latitudes. I would not hesitate to take up my residence in any portion of Louisiana, or express my Republican ideas. Where a white man is thought to consort with negroes there is always a feeling against him. I do believe if an election were held in Louisiana in a perfectly fair and impartial manner without the presence of United States troops to influence the votes and without any of the ordinary cheap-trap means of intimidating on either side, the people, from my intimate knowledge of them, from one section of the State to another, would submit quietly to an election and abide the result."

Mr. Hoar—This is a very interesting and important opinion of yours.

Colonel Morrow continued—I do not think a white man would be upheld for swindling a darkey of his property. They would despise him.

Everything Lively.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 29. A New Orleans letter to the Times says everything is exceedingly quiet there, and there is more excitement to-day in New England and New York over the Louisiana difficulties than in that city, and loyalty to the United States Government is unquestioned.

Talk of Compromise.

Two of the Congressional Committee at New Orleans,—Frye and Hoar,—were assured last night by prominent Democratic politicians of Shreveport that their party would gladly abide the decision of the committee should they act as judges and arbitrators of the present difficulties, Kellogg and other Republicans will be consulted on the same subject to-day. It is now believed that a compromise will be arrived at.

MARYLAND.

The Annapolis Swindler.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. A despatch from Baltimore states that the examination of the accounts of the late J. P. Howison of Annapolis shows that he robbed every one whose property was in his hands. About $60,000 worth of bonds placed in his charge by various clients has been used to his own benefit, and he also borrowed large amounts on fraudulent mortgages. Several officers of the Naval Academy had sums deposited with him, all of which he has squandered. Bishop Odenheimer, the father-in-law, is said to have lost $5,000, and the total losses will reach [illegible]

Bishops and Marriage.

Is considerable excitement in Baltimore in consequent upon the refusal of Whittinghamto participate in the consecration of Bishop Dudley, and to sign the credentials of the election of Whittingham is based upon that Dudley has been twice married.

WASHINGTON.

Die of Perry Fuller's Jobs.

YORK, Jan. 29. It is stated that [illegible] and Meads Committee of the House agreed upon a bill granting remission to the extent of some $80,000 to a Louisiana for duties on imported sugars in Orleans, which said firm were forced to pay. The frauds were perpetrated by custom house officials in New York while Perry Fuller was collector.

The Senate Caucus—The Louisiana Question to be Thirked.

INGTON, Jan. 29. In the Senate to-day a discussion of the general question involved developed a great lack of unity in the views of those present, and it is considered probable that a sufficient number of Republicans will unite with the Democrats to prevent the passage by the caucus of the proposed resolution of recognition of the Kellogg Government that therefore, Pinchback will be admitted. In this probable event the responsibility of deciding whether or not Kellogg administration is the legal government of Louisiana will be again left to the President.

Pinchback's Case.

It is understood there will be three reports on the Election Committee on the case of Pinchback's right to admission to the Senate. Mr. Morton, in behalf of the majority, will report Pinchback entitled to the seat. Scudsbury and Edmunds will submit their views to the Senate, and Alcorn will favor a new election, in case the Senate passes a resolution recognizing the Kellogg Government. It will be called to vote for Pinchback's admission thereafter. Carpenter is absent, but will probably concur with Morton in recommending a new election. He took this view of the subject before the matter was in controversy two years ago.

—A Senatorial caucus was held to-day in reference to Pinchback's admission to the Senate, but it came to no conclusion.

The Syndicate.

contract for the negotiation of the [illegible] loan made with the Syndicate in July last was executed at the Treasury Dept. by Morgan & Co., of London, has been added to the syndicate. The [illegible] subscription now funded is $25,000,000, with six months option for the balance.

BOSTON.

Stolen Bonds Found.

BOSTON, Jan. 29. A party of boys yesterday found under a lumber pile in West Boston $30,479 worth of bonds, drafts, etc., recently stolen from the postoffice lock-box of the Maverick National Bank

SENATORIAL MATTERS.

West Virginia.

CINCINNATI O., Jan. 29. A despatch from Charleston, W. Virginia, says that the Senatorial ballot in joint session of the Legislature yesterday, resulted as follows:—Camden 27, Walker, 23, Paine, 10, Carpenter, 3, Beacom, 14, scattering 13. The friends of the two leading candidates declare their purpose to remain steadfast. A Democratic caucus last night took three ballots with the following result: Walker, 23; Camden, 20; Paine, 12; Beacom, 10; Carpenter, 3.

Wisconsin—Carpenter's Friends Still Confident.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 29. The third Senatorial ballot to-day has caused the prevalent opinion that a deadlock exists that will continue until either Carpenter or Cameron withdraw. Neither will do so. Each is confident of success. Democrats will vote for Bright or Cole. Democrats will not vote for Bright or Cole. Democrats will not vote for Bright or Cole. Democrats will not vote for Bright or Cole.

TRANSPORTATION.

Western Roads Hard Pushed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. It is stated that the general freight and passenger agents of most of the Western roads with Eastern connections are in this city consulting with the managers of the roads upon the necessity of reduction in the rates. It is stated that most of those roads are on the verge of bankruptcy

STARVATION.

Terrible Want in Kansas—Two Families Starved.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. John L. Bonsell, [illegible] Burr Oak, Jewell county, Kansas, 21st writes that ten miles west of that place two families have starved to death. One contained eight persons. When found the husband, wife and six children were dead. The other family consisted of a delicate woman and one child. The husband went to St Joseph for help, but when it came the mother and child were dead. Many more will starve unless helped, for there is not one man in a hundred with enough grain to last through the winter.

NEW YORK CITY

The Ice Blockade.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. Ice continues in the harbor and rivers to-day, but not generally so heavy as during the last few days. Every communication with Staten Island continues suspended after dark. An immense block of ice a mile and a half in extent and from six to ten inches in thickness struck against the northern and eastern shores of that Island late yesterday and did considerable damage to a few vessels, but more to the piers there and some small buildings on shore, as it piled up some ten feet high in some places. It subsequently swung around with the outgoing tide, and for several hours completely blocked up the narrows between Fort Richmond on Staten Island and Fort Lafayette on Long Island. Steamship Cuba, for Havana, could not penetrate the floe and anchored in quarantine till morning. Several other smaller steamers bound in were compelled to launch at Southwest Spit until this morning. The Fall River and Stonington boats met no serious obstructions in East river or in the Sound, although both lines passed through the ice from Blackwell's Island to Throgg's neck. The boats of both these routes arrived on time. The present thaw, if it continues another day, will result in large quantities of ice being detached from up the river, and ebb tides will add to the heavy cakes already moving here.

At 11 p. m. snow began falling and continued heavily during the afternoon.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Jan. 30. (1 A. M.)

Probabilities.

For New England, cloudy weather, snow or rain, winds mostly from North or East.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Cabinet Session Summoned.

LONDON, Jan. 29. A telegram has been received from the Queen who is at Osborne demanding the immediate attendance, at that place, of the Cabinet Ministers.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Wet weather in England.

The mother of F. D. Moulton was buried Thursday.

The 6.30 Boston mail did not reach New York Friday until 10 o'clock.

The Tom Paine memorial building was dedicated in Boston Friday.

A $70,000 fire occurred in Sumter, S. C., Thursday. Insurance $10,000.

A Quebec despatch late last evening announced that the Beauford Lunatic Asylum was in flames. No particulars.

The internal revenue districts of Massachusetts have been consolidated into five, with an estimated saving of $25,000.

Dr. Perley F. Daggett was found dead Thursday near his residence in Wareham, Mass.

Henderson's paper board mill at Milltown, N. J., was burned Thursday. Loss $40,000.

The rain at New York ceased Friday morning, the weather growing colder, with wind to northward.

The Democratic primaries in Brooklyn ended Thursday night by the smashing of heads and the ballot-boxes.

Charles E. Curtis and Dr. Joseph Moody have been bound over at Lowell, Mass., on criminal charge of procuring an abortion.

The Grand Menan and Newfoundland frozen herring fishery is actively pursued this year and promises to be very successful.

It is reported that the New York police are in consultation with a relative of the burglar, Mosher, on a fresh clue to the Charlie Ross mystery.

A third attempt to burn the Navy Department building was made on Friday night. Detectives are trying to trace the incendiaries.

Leboulaye's amendment providing that the Government of France shall consist of a Senate, Chamber of Deputies, and President of the Republic, was defeated by a vote of 350 nays to 338 yeas.

The examination of Sawyer, on suspicion of murdering Mrs. Emerson, at Piermont, N. H., was commenced on Friday. The evidence brought out was damaging to the accused.

A boy was horribly crushed to death in New York Friday by a slip while jumping from a ferry-boat to a landing. He caught by his hands and the boat crushed all of his body but the head.

Rev. Dr. John R. Young, for many years pastor of the Congregational church in Laconia, N. H., and more recently of Hopkinton, died at the former place, Friday, of pneumonia, after an illness of ten days.

A collision of two freight trains on the Erie Road near Paterson, N. J., Friday, resulted in smashing locomotives and burning both trains by the ignition of petroleum. The engineers and firemen saved themselves by jumping.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, Jan 29 MONEY easy at 2½ @ 3 per cent

GOLD closed at 113

STERLING EXCHANGE is 4 9 3 @ 4 [illegible]

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES closed at the following quotations:—

6's of 1881, reg	[illegible]	[illegible]
6's 5 20's, 1865	[illegible]	(comp Jan 1 & July 1)	113¾
" " 1865, new	113	(comp May 1 & Nov 1)	113¾
" " 1867	113	(comp May 1 & Nov 1)	113¾
" " 1868	113	(comp Jan 1 & July 1)	113¾
10's, 5's of 1881	[illegible]	(comp Jan 1 & July 1)	113¾
6 per cents	[illegible]		[illegible]

[All over quotations include the accrued interest]

New York Produce Market.

COTTON is quiet — sales 450 bales — middling uplands 19c; New Orleans 19½c.

FLOUR is quiet — sales 10,500 bbls — Western and State, $4 90 @ 5 30, white wheat extra Western $6 00 @ 7 00; extra Ohio, $5 70 @ 6 25, south'n $6 @ 8 00

WHEAT — sales 21,000 bush — No 1 Milwaukee, 1 15 @ 1 16; No 2 Spring 1 13 @ 1 22, winter western, 1 25 @ 1 27

CORN — sales 56,000 bush — New mixed western 87 @ 88, white and yellow western 88 @ 89

OATS — sales 24,000 bush — western mixed, 66 @ 67, white 69 @ 70

BEEF is dull

PORK is firmer — New mess, 19 50 @ 19 62½

LARD firm — Prime to new, 11½ @ 11¾

SUGAR is dull

COFFEE is dull

TOBACCO is firm at 9 @ 15

SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm at 39

PETROLEUM quiet — Crude, 9½

FREIGHTS to Liverpool — Cotton per steam 9-16d.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, Jan 29 Flour is dull

WHEAT is dull — No 1 Spring, 98

CORN is steady — No 2 mixed, 28

OATS firm — No 2, 24

RYE — No 2, 45

BARLEY is inactive at 1 23.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET.

For the week ending Wednesday, Jan 27.

At market for the current week—Cattle, 3036; Sheep and Lambs, 3701, Swine, 2300, many of the Cattle and Swine left unsold.

Prices of Beef Cattle @ 100 lbs, live weight—Extra quality, $7 50 @ 8 00, first quality, $7 @ 7 25, second quality, $6 25 @ 6 75, third quality, $5 @ 6 00, poorest grades of coarse Oxen, Bulls, &c, $4 @ 5 00

Hides—Brighton Hides, 5½ @ 6c

Brighton Tallow, 5½ @ 6c

Country Hides, 5 @ 6½ @ 6c

Country Tallow, 4½ @ 5c @ 6

Calf Skins 14 @ 15c @ 16

Sheep and Lamb Skins, $1 50 @ 1 75 @ each

The supply of Cattle from the West has not been so large the past week as in some weeks ago. The quality also appears to average somewhat better, but the prices obtained are not materially changed from those obtained one week ago. There was a fair supply brought in the latter part of the week, which were sold upon the day of arrival. There were but few Northern Cattle driven over from Watertown, nearly all that Western Cattle that are handled at Watertown are driven to Brighton. Milch Cows are quite scarce, and supply was light, a part of them being Working Oxen

Working Oxen—We quote the prices of Cattle, girthing 6 ft 9 in, and weighing 1 pair, 2,000 lbs, $200; 6 ft 10 in, 2,100 lbs, $225; per 7 ft, 2,400 lbs, $265; per 7 ft 2 in, 2,600 lbs, $285; 7 in 3 in, 2,800 lbs, $300; 7 in 6 in, 3,000 lbs, $350; 7 in 9 in, 3,200 lbs, $400; 8 ft, 3,400 lbs, $450; 8 in, 3,600 lbs, $500; 8 in 6 in, 3,800 lbs, $550; 8 in 9 in, 4,000 lbs, $600; 9 ft, 4,200 lbs, $650; 9 in, 4,400 lbs, $700; 9 in 6 in, 4,600 lbs, $750; 9 in 9 in, 4,800 lbs, $800; 10 ft, 5,000 lbs, $850.

Milch Cows—Receipts 200, ordinary sales $40 @ $50, Store Cows, $30 @ $45 @ Each. Prices of Milch Cows do not vary much from week to week. Good Cows are in demand at high prices.

Sheep and Lambs—Remain on the West three weeks in the supply of Sheep and Lambs. All owned by butchers, not a single lot in the Brighton pens as yet. Prices 6½ @ 7c @ lb. Lambs, 7½ @ 8c @ lb. Extra Lambs and Spring Lambs to be sold at higher prices.

Swine—Store Pigs, wholesale, 6½ @ 7c @ lb, retail, 7½ @ 8c @ lb. Fat Hogs, for the market, prices 6½ @ 6¾c.

Decisions at Law.

The following decisions in law have been transmitted to the Clerk of Courts from the full bench:

ARGOSTOOK COUNTY.

Benjamin Gelphell vs. Michael Goodenough. On exceptions by plaintiff to defendant's demurrer. "Exceptions sustained, demurrer overruled."

Robinson & Hutchinson.

L. Powers. Madigan & Donworth

Reporter's—It is not necessary to allege in a writ brought to enforce a laborer's lien on buildings that the lands it set forth have been sold by the owner to a third person before the date of the writ.—*Peters, J.*

Mark Gray vs. Inhabitants of Houlton On defendant's exceptions. "Exceptions sustained, new trial granted."

Madigan & Donworth. Herlin

Reporter's—Two justices of the peace have no jurisdiction to order the removal of an insane person to the hospital, upon the neglect of the municipal officers to do so, upon application to them by virtue of Section 12, Chap 24, of Rev. Stat. in a case where such insane person is at the time legally confined in jail upon criminal process.—*Peters, J.*

Alex. W. Timony vs. James Timony and Logs. On exceptions by log owners, "All the pleadings since the writ to be stricken out, and action to stand for trial."

Robinson & Hutchinson.

L. Powers. Madigan & Donworth

[illegible] leavings have become [illegible] have been no bar for trial, this court may the pleadings stricken anew, where manifest —*Peters, J.*

COUNTY.

[illegible] Elijah Webber. On [illegible] may at nisi prius have [illegible] t amended and the [illegible] nformably to an ac[illegible] costs and receiving [illegible] of the amendment [illegible] be entered."

Lebroke & Pratt.

[illegible] tor bargained a parcel [illegible] teration, and either [illegible] vest less land than was [illegible] in action of assumpsit [illegible] value of the land [illegible] no consideration paid [illegible] contract.—*Peters, J.*

[illegible] Albert C. Collins [illegible] Ins. Co, Tru. On re[illegible] erged."

Jewett.

[illegible] of real estate has no [illegible] n proceeds thereon by [illegible] soon sold in good [illegible] expiration of sixty days [illegible] dre,and before any [illegible] by statute to be cited [illegible] such notice may be [illegible] but after such notice.

COUNTY.

[illegible] dition vs. Mason A. [illegible] Jones, by defendant. [illegible] judgment on the [illegible]

J. H. Hilliard.

[illegible] conditional deed went [illegible] n broken with two wit[illegible] the grantee that she [illegible] the land because he had [illegible] the deed. Held, that [illegible] rantee to revest the es[illegible] will not, upon motion, [illegible] where a forfeiture is [illegible] der to let in an allegor[illegible] there, by holding upon [illegible] the modern doctrine.

Caleb O. Palmer.

[illegible] iff on nonsuit, "Ex[illegible] nsult confirmed."

A. M. Robinson.

J. Crosby.

Madigan—The [illegible] and sold a horse to the plaintiff on Sunday; the plaintiff gave his check for the price of the horse on the same day; the defendant at the same time deposited a bill of sale of the horse with a third person, to be delivered to the plaintiff when the check was paid; the check was paid and the horse and bill of sale delivered all on a secular day afterwards; Held, that an action of assumpsit to recover back the price paid for the horse on account of fraud practiced in the sale would not lie, because based upon a transaction tainted with illegality.—*Peters, J.*

LOCAL MATTERS.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

[All notices for this department must be sent before 6½ P. M. on Friday to secure insertion.]

Morning services commence at 10½ o'clock, afternoon services at 2½ o'clock, evening services at 7 o'clock.

FIRST PARISH CONGREGATIONAL.—Broadway, corner State St., Pulpit supplied by Prof Wm. S. Barbour. Preaching at 10½ A. M. Prayer meeting at 7 P. M. Rev. Joseph Barker, of Rhode Island, will preach to-morrow.

HARMONY ST. CONGREGATIONAL.—Hammond St., corner High. Rev. S. F. Fay, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 2½ P. M. Seats free.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL.—French St., near State; Rev. Geo. W. Field, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M., Praise meeting at 7½ o'clock

FIRST BAPTIST.—Harlow St., corner Cedar. Rev. P. T. Barlow, Pastor. Services [illegible] at 1 afternoon

SECOND BAPTIST.—Columbia Street, [illegible] Butler, D. D., Pastor. This is a Free House [illegible] seats are open to all.

FIRST FREE BAPTIST.—Franklin St. Rev. Augustus Gerow, Pastor. Services in the forenoon, followed by Sabbath School. Seats free to all.

FIRST METHODIST.—corner Pine and Broadway. Rev. Cyrus Stone, D. D., Pastor. Sermon at 10½ A. M., followed by Sabbath School. Class at 12 M. Preaching at 7 P. M.

UNION ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Union St., corner Chilton. Rev. W. L. Brown, Pastor. Preaching in forenoon and afternoon. Sabbath School at close of forenoon service.

INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONAL.—Chestnut, Calton St., corner Main. Rev. Arthur May Rendall, Pastor.

UNIVERSALIST.—Park St., near Center. Sunday services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School at 12. Sermon to-morrow by Rev. Alex. Blackwood, of Winthrop

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL.—French St., Rev. [illegible] Rector. This church is supported entirely by voluntary offerings, and the seats are free to all.

ST. JOSEPH'S ROMAN CATHOLIC.—York St., Rev. Edward McSweeney, Pastor

ST. MARY'S ROMAN CATHOLIC.—Cedar St., corner Pine, Rev. Jas. W. Murphy, Pastor

CHRIST'S CHURCH (Episcopal).—Services at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School at 3½ P. M. Geo. H. Wilkins, Superintendent. Seats free. Rev. [illegible] Semlin, Rector, will preach to-morrow.

SECOND ADVENT.—Concert Hall. Preaching every Sunday P. M., at the usual hour.

TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—No meeting to-day.

CITY MISSIONARY.—Rev. C. G. Porter, Residence No 8 Hayestina Street.

BELFAST SCHOOL HOUSE.—Sabbath School at 2 P. M. Preaching at 7 P. M.

BREWER.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL.—Pulpit supplied by Prof. L. D. Parker. Sabbath School at 12 M.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL, East Brewer.—Pulpit supplied by Mr. Chas. B. Rice. Sabbath School at 12 M. Preaching at 7 P. M. Sermon to-day by Mr. Rice.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Main St., Rev. Thos. B. Libby, Pastor. Sunday School at 10½ A. M. Services at 12 M. & 7 P. M. Sunday School concert of prayer Thursday evening at each month.

HAMPDEN ROAD.

METHODIST.—Supplied by Samuel P. Fuller. Preaching at 2½ A. M., Sunday School at close of service.

HAMPDEN

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. J. Edwards Pond. Services at 2½ P. M. and 7 P. M.

METHODIST.—Rev. H. H. Thomas, Pastor. Class meeting and preaching, at West Hampden, at 2 o'clock.

ORONO

ST. JOHN'S PARISH.—Rev. Henry Sherman, Rector. Sunday School at usual hour in the forenoon, followed by Sabbath service.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. Wellington R. Dunn, Pastor. Services morning and evening.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. G. H. Thomas, Pastor. Services morning and evening.

OLDTOWN

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. Jas. Cobb, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Pray

EN AVANT.

This world's not all a wilderness,
There are flowerets on the way—
Small flowers that we may gather
As on the road we stray.
There are gleams of pleasant sunshine
To cheer our pathway smile,
And if the clouds are darkened,
'Tis only for a while.

To clear the leap before you
If you should fall, what's done?
Why brace yourself the firmer
And rise and try again.
The sailor never falters,
Though rough and rude the blast,
But onward he'll by steering,
He reaches port at last.

When pressed with care and sorrow,
'Tis wild to whine and cry,
But trust in Him who made you,
And pass them lightly by;
The path we journey over
By others has been trod,
He bears who braved all danger
For country and for God.

Oh! none who always bearing
A cheerful face and vein,
Their scant would be the harvest
And sorry the gain.
Old trouble never crouches
And brings his grief and pain,
Our hearts would grow wishful
Were faint and still.

Press on against life's troubles
And meet them face to face,
And if you can't be removed,
Why, it's the best you can
The axe can fell the forest,
However tough and hale,
And man will always a conquer,
With justice on his side. —Iowa Homestead.

"DAIRY FARMING AND SHEEP HUSBANDRY."—In your issue for Jan. 6th, (No. 6, present volume), I notice a communication from H. G. Abbott, which bears the above heading. Now, with all due allowance for Mr. Abbott's larger experience and profounder knowledge, I most certainly differ with him on several points of his article. He asks "can the farmers of Maine afford to produce milk for three cents per quart?" and gives his opinion that they cannot. Three cents per quart is about the average price paid by the factory which it is made into cheese. He puts the average of good cows per year at 1500 pounds of milk, and that at three cents per hundred, the product would be $45. Then he estimates three tons of hay at $15 per ton, $45, and $10 for pasturing, $55, as the cost of keeping a cow per year, leaving the cow in debt $10 over what she pays. The manure, calf and whey going to offset cost of tending, milking, &c.

Now, in the first place he has estimated the hay too high. Take average feeding, hay at the average price for any ten years, and he will have hard work to prove its value to be over $8 in the barn. Take the average cost of pasturing in Maine, and it will not be far from $5, possibly 6. Three tons of hay at $8 per ton are $24; add $5 for pasturing and we have $29 as the cost of keep of cows on the average of ten years, in Maine. Allow manure, calf and milk during the time the cow is not furnishing milk to the factory—to offset the cost of tending her, and we have $15 profit on the average of cows that furnish milk to cheese factories—and we appeal to those who have tried it if our figures and calculations are not fair, even to nearer practical results than this.

We know also that by doubling the cost of keeping the cow—giving her 3 cents per week of feed, the profit $15 can be doubled, and more, making it $30 or over. We also find in the same number of your paper accounts of cows making butter which paid $45 to $70 over the cost of keeping by private butter dairying. Here a great deal of labor and perplexity was find that in neighborhood where milk is sold direct to cheese factories, and private dairying is made the more profitable by reason of the withdrawal of all or many from it to enlarge factory dairying. Private butter dairying is much more profitable than village or cheese dairying and it will take at least another season's experience to make patrons of cheese factories believe they are not profitable, or that they fail to return a good percentage of profit. Mr Abbott concludes by recommending private dairying, raising calves on skim milk, the keeping up of the farm stock, and other providing for the warship stock, putting the balance into sheep of some medium grade. We endorse all except the part relating to dairying. The sheep are profitable, but not so much so as the cows, unless in those localities where pasturage is better adapted to sheep than cows. Mr A rather increases this restricted dairying will prove like the present sheep fever. We have every assurance by precept and example from other states that such will not be the case, and proof of three years standing, growing vastly in volume each year, that it will not be so here. We hope milk may realize more than three cents per quart, at cheese factories by and by, so, the profits will be largely increased. We would like to hear from others on this subject.—[D. W. Ewing, of Brooks in Ware Farmer.

OLD COFFEE.—To render people wan make sport of others shabby clothes destitute of feeling and worse than the heathen. Who could be guilty of calling the blush of resentment to a wrinkled cheek, the quiver of grief to a withered lip, the tear of sorrow to a faded eye, was it not for selfishness, hardness of heart?

Never, never laugh at the poverty garments of the poor. Poverty has strong claim of sorrow to them, and a frail tenement is the love it has locked so often against the rocks, that it hardly holds together. Smile it not with your unfeeling—

Sneer not at the old clothes. They are often made holy by long sacrifices, by careful coldness away, that they may help fill the four ones are provided for. If many an old coat could speak, what tales they could tell of the noble hearts beating underneath.

Yonder faded garments would repeat the struggle of a devoted father, whose soul—striking hard to get the college hard by.—How he counted the farthings, and choked down pride that his boy, his noble, beloved head might get its like honors.

The faded shawl folded tightly over those shoulders! Year after year has the mother cleansed and mended and laid it carefully away, as (she called it) "good as new," that her thirteen-year daughter might have "book learning." And now her darling, only eighteen, teaches the district school—God bless her!—and the mother smiles over the thin, dusky patchwork ribbon and prim old-maidish that were cleaned over to enable her to buy for the pretty bonnet, and address such as she deserved.

Oh, that blessed self-denial of aspiring poverty! Hallowed be old bonnets, old cloaks, old coats, age, and old shoes, when such love polish to them as its monuments!

More than one bright and shining light let me tell you, owes its brilliancy to old clothes; more than one starlit literature, philosophy and divinity.

Think of this when your toe chances to light upon the threadbare coat or the faded shawl, suppress the smile, keep back the sneer. You know not what the heart beneath has suffered, how many times bled. You know not what evil has haunted, what storms swept over it. You know not what God-like impulses have exclaimed it great and strong, or what bitter draughts poisoned its fountains, or what blighting sullen sapped its full vigor. Let not the crime of scolding upgainst to the full cup of the poor man's sorrow ever be yours. [Ex.

A DOOR THAT IS SEALED.—The London Telegraph says it seems not at all impossible that a genuine sealskin jacket will before long be almost as impossible an article of the ordinary feminine toilet as a string of brilliants itself. Some thirty years ago sealskin was common enough. Boxes were covered with it—gloves and driving rugs were made of it—costermongers and cabmen cut their caps from it. Then came a time when some cunning furrier discovered how to dye it a rich dark brown, and to give it that exquisitely soft and downy texture which is its chief charm. At once ladies adopted the luxury. It was soon found that for cloaks, jackets, muffs, dainty little hats, collars, cuffs, bags, portmonnaies, for a thousand other articles of feminine use, it was the most delightful, the most beautiful, the most indispensable of all possible materials. The demand for it increased with a rapidity almost marvellous, and the fashion, instead of wearing itself out, has, if, anything, steadily increased. Indeed the best Alaska sealskins, like the furs of the sable, the silver fox and the Russian sea otter, command an altogether fancy price, and a handsome jacket of close texture and uniform color, with no white hairs to break the continuity of the tint, will fetch as many guineas as five-and-twenty years ago it would have fetched half-crowns. The result is that the luckless seals have had waged against them now for several years what practically amounts to a war of extermination.

SUFFERERS,

DONT FAIL TO TRY

Adamsons

BOTANIC BALSAM!

Only 35 Cents. An unfailing Remedy for

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Soreness of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, and all diseases leading to Consumption.

$5000 for an Incurable Case.

[From a Distinguished Lawyer of Boston.]

MR. JOHN KINSMAN, Dear Sir—I desire to say a word in behalf of your Adamson's Cough Balsam. I have been a sufferer for a very severe cough from the first of last November, trying in every many prescriptions without any considerable or permanent improvement, until the middle of March, when a friend brought this balsam to my notice. I tried the small sample bottle which he gave me, and I will, on occasion to try more, for within twelve hours from taking it I felt that the cough entirely left me. The result several little less than miraculous. I have spent more than a dozen of dollars to Mr Adamson's, but Hanson street, for the remedy, and, so far as I learn, in every instance with marked success.

Respectfully yours, CHAS. C. NUTTER

[Firm Sutter & Nutter, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, 20 Fremont St.]

[From Abner S. Weed, publisher of Zion's Herald & Wesleyan Journal, Boston.]

Several bottles of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam have been used in my family with the most gratifying results. We esteem it as one of the best of medicines.

$5000 GOLD!

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

The high reputation gained by ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM has induced numerous [illegible] to palm off their [illegible] upon the public. Therefore, [illegible] that given rise to numerous counterfeits, [illegible] ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM is prepared only by FRANK W. ADAMS, sole Proprietor, Boston, and by druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Examine the bottle and see that the words "F. W. Adams, Druggist, Augusta, Maine," are blown in the glass of the bottle. Refuse all others as worthless and dangerous imitations. Don't be deceived by unprincipled dealers who, for the sake of extra profit, may attempt to impose upon you by offering some other article in place of this. Don't fail to try it. Remember the name, ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM, and observe that the signature of F. W. ADAMS is on the outside wrapper. For sale by all druggists.

WM. F. MANN, Wholesale Agent, Bangor.

For sale by all Druggists. 6Mnovember

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

The next term of this Institution will begin

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1875,

and continue eleven weeks.

J. L. ELDER, B. A., Principal,
Miss H. E. ELDER, Assistant Principal.

TERMS.

Common English [illegible] $4 00
Higher English [illegible] 5 00
Languages [illegible] 5 00

Music, Writing and Book Keeping extra.

No tuition will be received for less than one half term. A Teachers' class and a class in Elocution free to all pupils, will be formed.

Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates. For further information, address the Principals, Hampden, Me.

Hampden, Jan. 1st, 1875. 6w2

Executor's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of the Executor of the Last Will and Testament of

SAMUEL SHAW, late of Dexter,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make [illegible] immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

ISAAC HAW, Executor

Dexter, Jan. 1, 1875. 3w1

PAIN KILLER

The Great Remedy for

RHEUMATISM & NEURALGIA.

CURE

[illegible] soreness of [illegible] Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Pleurisy, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Colic, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Toothache, Earache, Headache, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Sea Sickness, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Hysterics, Fainting Spells, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Felons, Boils, Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Chapped Hands